

DDI-HeatExchangers Inc.

www.ddi-heatexchangers.com

DDI Since 1980 514-696-7961 erwin@ddi-heatexchangers.com

Novel <u>RECTANGULAR</u> Heat Exchanger Technology As Water-to-Sludge, much less maintenance

As **Direct-Sludge-to-Sludge** Heat Recovery ROI of only a few month

As HX in WWTP, Molasses, Farms, Industrial

As new projects for **Consulting Engineers** with their current or new Customers CITY Sewage Heat Recovery ENERGY RECOVERY by Heating in the Winter Cooling in the Summer

Application in ANY commercial & Industrial BUILDING Hospitals, Shopping Center, Ware Houses etc.

Building's Grey Water Heat Recovery

RECOVERING HEAT from the Hot liquids leaving the apartments at 15-20 deg C.

to... PREHEAT the

<u>Cold Water</u> entering the Building before the Boiler, at about 4-10 deg C.



DDD HEAT RECOVERY & HEAT RECOVERY "RECTANGULAR, SQUARE, CUBE" TM NON PLUG EXCHANGERS

A Reliable, Efficient, Economic and Environmental Solution to **SAVE** Heat & Energy in diverse applications.

APPLICATIONS

SOLID WASTE REDUCTION:

Anaerobic Digestion, Methane Recovery and Bio Solids Pelletizing. PREHEATING OF DOMESTIC OR INDUSTRIAL RAW SLUDGES:

Extracting heat from: Recirculated hot water or digested sludges (i.e. <u>heat recovery</u>), centrate digested sludge temperature augmentation reduction prior to dewatering or supernatant containing solids or cooling of digested sludge. **Heating to produce Class A biosolids (Thermophilic) PROCESSING LIQUIFIED PRODUCTS CONTAINING SOLIDS:**

In fermentation, mining, agriculture, breweries, distilleries, pulp & paper, metallurgical and oil industries.

KEY FEATURES AND ADVANTAGES

NON PLUG DESIGN: RECTANGULAR CHANNELS

Minimizes maintenance with large -Non Plug gaps (3 " minimum). Large cross inlets to allow for passage of stringy, fibrous and viscous solids & debris.

EASY MAINTENANCE:

Access to all internal Passes/Layers via two opposite positioned fully gasketed doors. Flushing connections provided. Recommended maintenance only once every 5 years for most municipal applications.

Small foot print with very large heat transfer surface. LOW CAPITAL COST INVESTMENT:

Relatively short payback from recuperated energy, about 1 year on average.

IMPROVED HEAT TRANSFER EFFICIENCY:

Low fouling due to high turbulence in specially designed return bends and channels. <u>Natural mixing.</u>

Using proprietary software.

MANUFACTURING:

Standard and <u>custom models</u> available. Designed, fabricated, tested and stamped in accordance with ASME. Units fully tested.

MAJOR MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION:

Wetted components-SA 516-GR-70 or 304L or 316L or any weldable metal. Access doors, gussets- ASTM A-570 Structural members- G40.21-44W

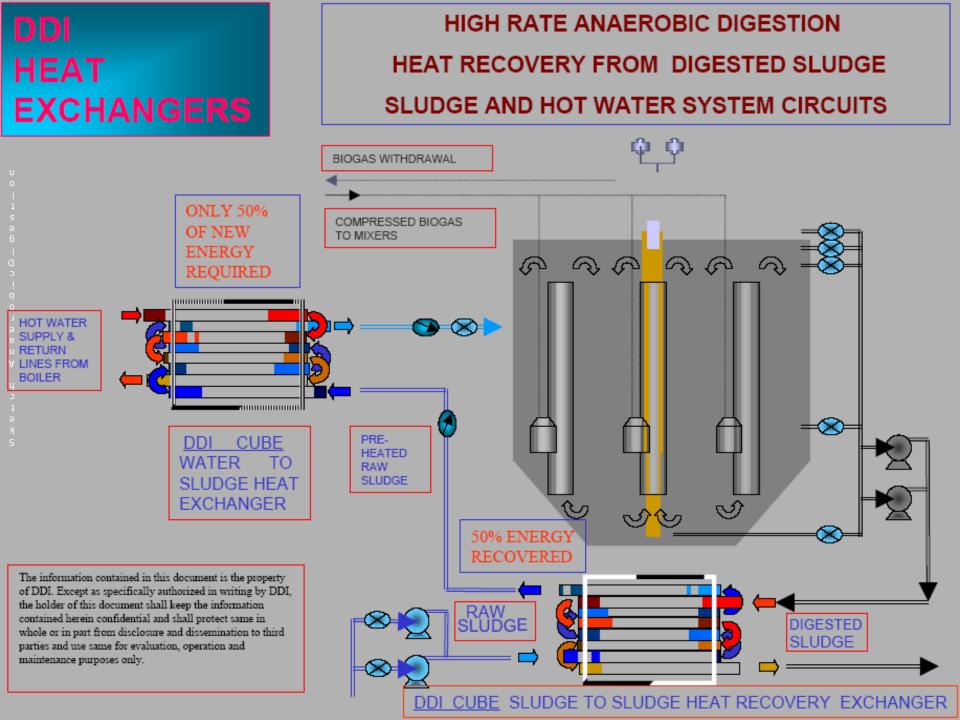


305 Baffin, D.D.O. (Montreal), PQ, CANADA H9A 3G4 TEL: (514) 696-7961 FAX: (514) 696-8344

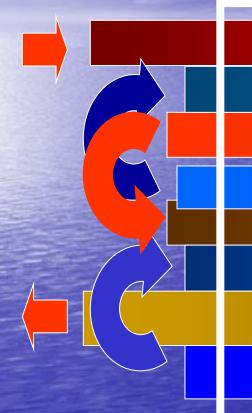


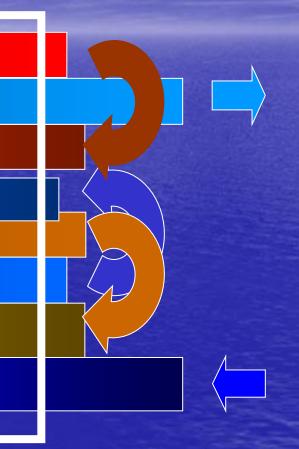
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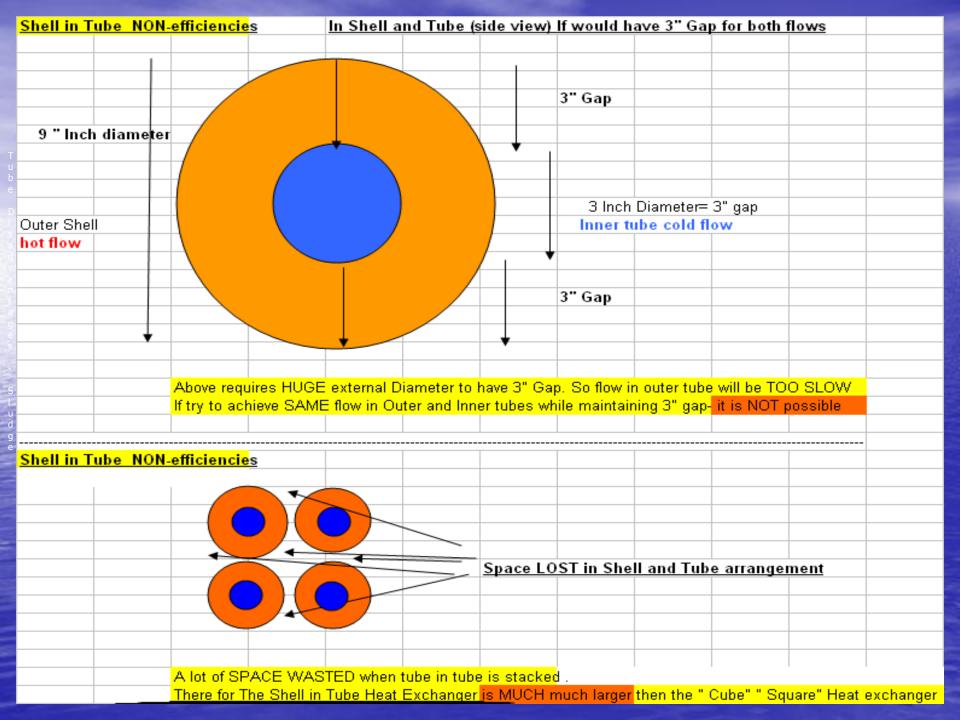
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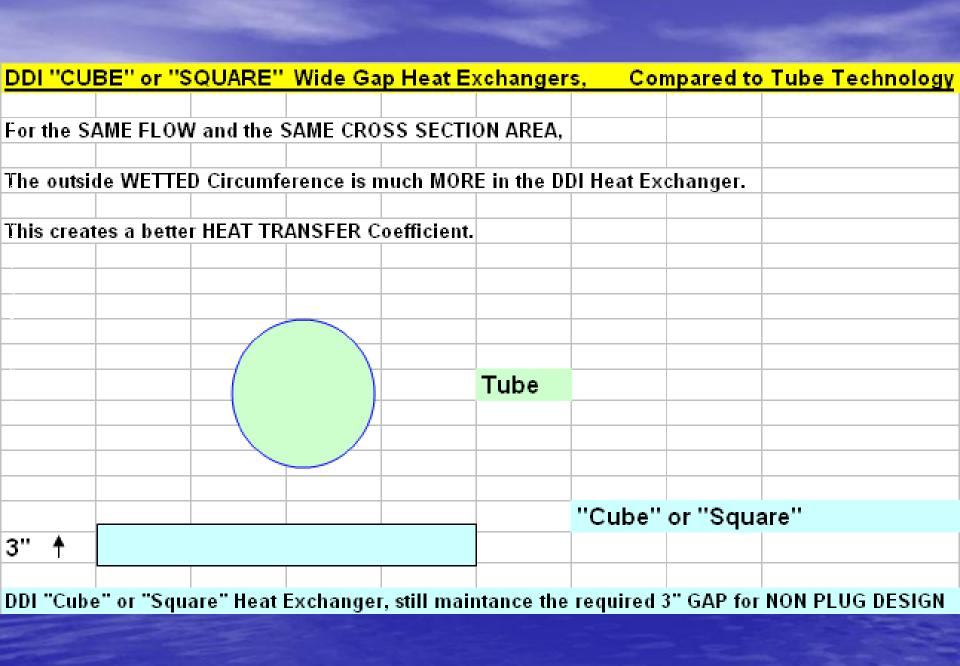


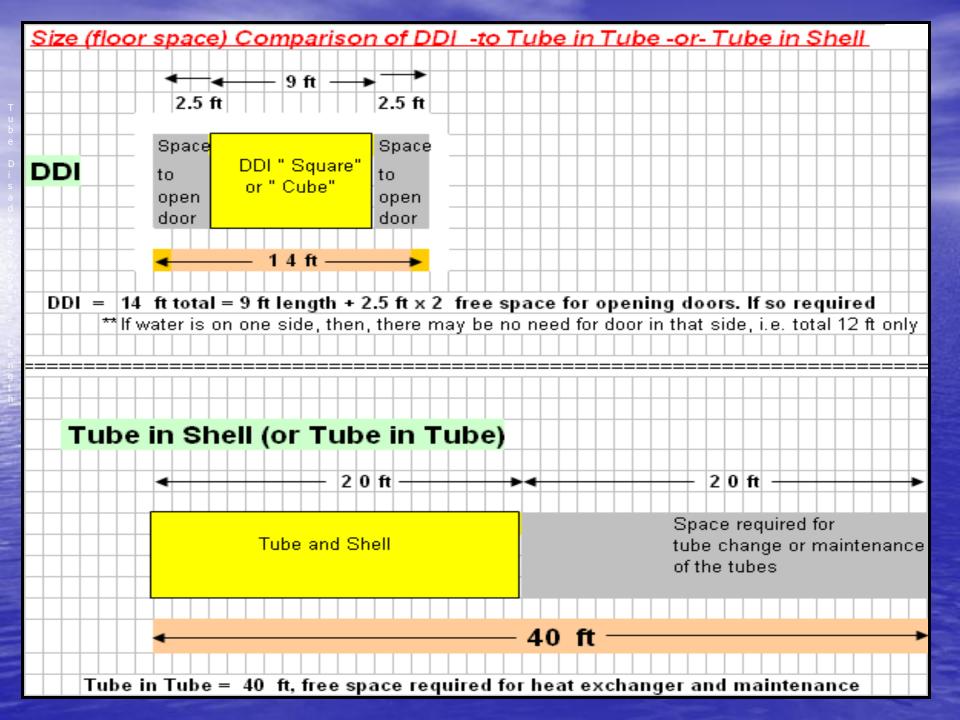
DDI HX-<u>RECTANGULAR</u> Channels





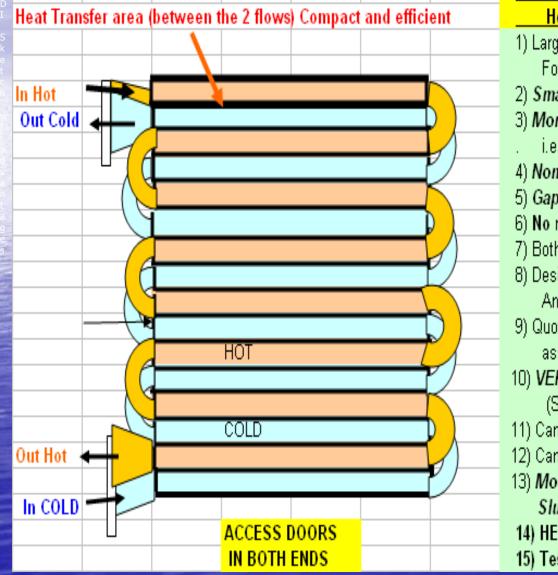






DDI Advantages

DDI HEAT EXCHANGER "CUBE" OR "SQUARE"



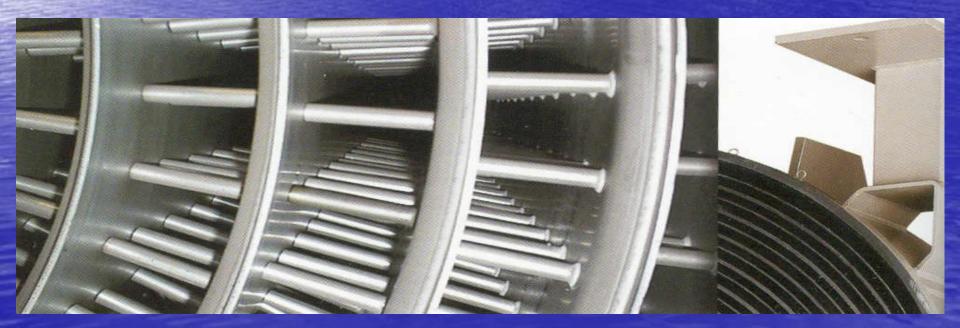
Advantages Of DDI "Cube", "Square" Non-Block Heat Exchanger and Heat RECOVERY Systems.

1) Larger Circumference compared to Tube in Shell (round). For the same flow area, LARGER Heat Transfer Surface. Smaller foot print then Tube. Less area required (about 1/3). More Turbulence flow then in Tube or Spiral. i.e. better Heat Transfer in zigzag channels. Non-Block design, no spacers (obstacles) as in Spiral type. 5) Gaps of 3" Inches Min, no Sludge blockage. No need for expensive Macerator & Blades to grind Sludge. 7) Both sides have doors, with full access to internals. 8) Designed for Optimum Height (Non Plug) for each liquid, And Optimum Width (for best flow speed, to avoid BAKING). Quotes with Viscosity=1CPS as others, and with Computerized. assumed, more realistic Viscosities. VERY LOW MAINTANCE (once in a few years). (Some competition requires back flush every shift..)! 11) Can be used in Municipal or Agriculture or Pulp & Paper. Can be manufactured from different metals or alloys. Modular system, Can be used for Water-to-Sludge or Sludge-to-Sludge Heat Recovery.

14) HEAT RECOVERY, can have a Payback within a year.

15) Tested, in Use for 9 years, with NO need to open doors.

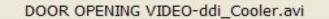
SPIRAL technology gets PLUGGED Max. gap 1"-1.5" for sludge side, and pins on other liquid side (no % solids there).



TUBE -- in-Tube Technology

can't have <u>same flow</u> for <u>both liquids</u> with 3" gap in each, <u>at the same time</u>.

Davit Arm – swings door in a limited space



<u>Subject: Cogeneration</u>

An independent article from WaterWorld (April 2003).

A) For Cogeneration - They will spend 245,000 \$ to save 30,000 \$ per year.

Compared to *DDI "Cube" or " Square" Heat Exchanger* that will cost (for example) 97,900\$ (with installation) and will save about 366,000 \$ PER YEAR as Sludge to Sludge Heat Recovery system.

B) DDI Heat Exchanger will probably have less maintenance cost then the Micro-Turbines in the Cogeneration solution

C) Market has over 3,300 Anaerobic Digestion Waste Water Treatment Facilities, (Maybe x 3 Heat Exchangers). So many, many WWTF can use <u>Heat Recovery.</u>

D) <u>DDI estimated cost per 1 million B TUH at Minimum 7 \$ only</u>. (Now it is much higher). See "Energy Saved by using Heat-Recovery" program on the web

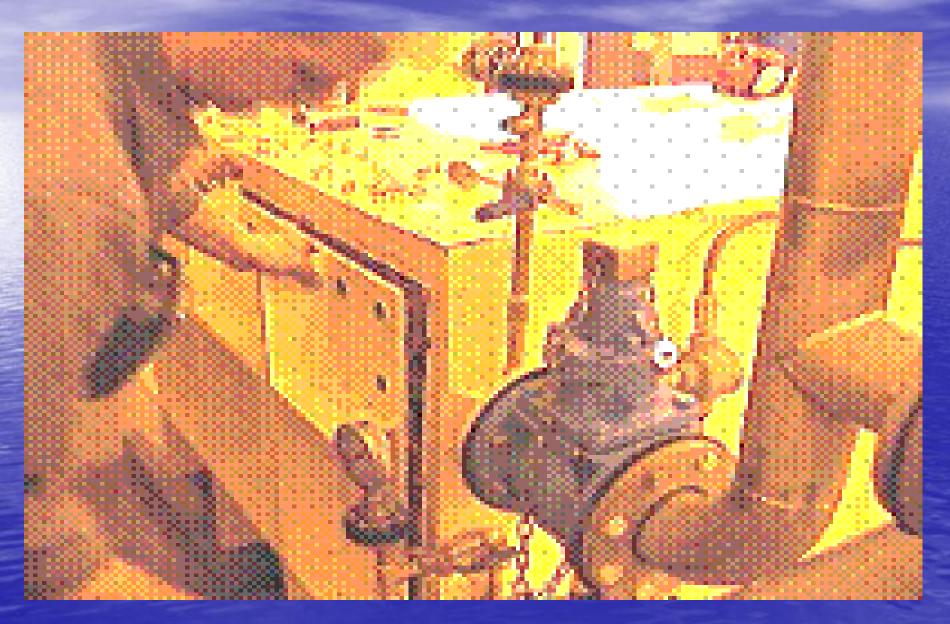
This study claims cost at 24.3 \$ per 1 million B TUH

(1 KWH = 3415 B TUH 292.8 KWH = 1 million B TUH Cost per KWH 2.46 +6.37 = 8.83 cents 292.8 x 0.083 \$ / KWH = cost per 1 million B TUH = 24.3 \$ = cost for 1,000,000 B TUH

E) Cogeneration will generate ONLY 41 % of Annual Energy demand in the plant.

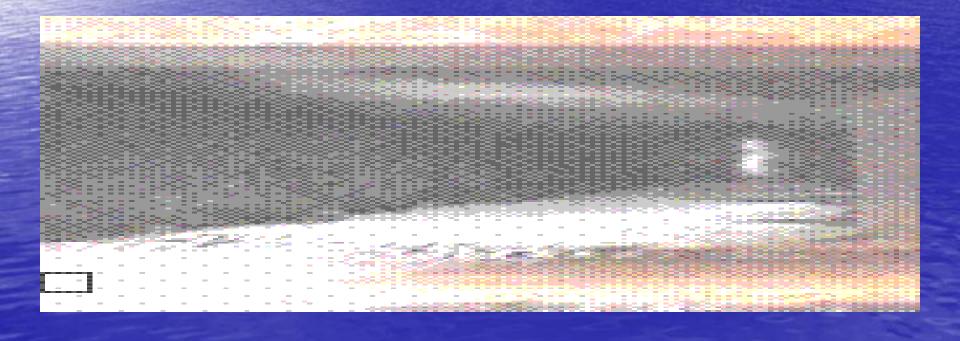
<u>But with DDI Heat Recovery System installed they can achieve much more.</u>

Doors opened after 8.5 years

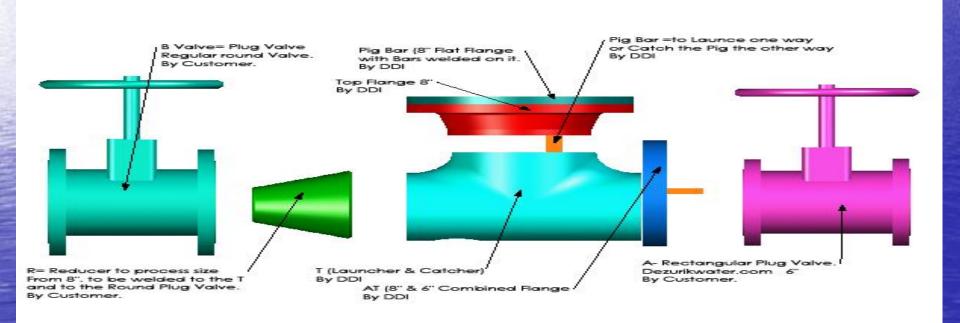


The Gaskets after 8.5 Years

Inside – Clean and without damage after 8.5 years



Pig Cleaning - Rectangular



COMPARISON: DDI "RECTANGULAR, SQUARE, CUBE" TM

DESCRIPTION	DDI	Spiral or Tube in Shell or Tube in Tube	
INITIAL COST 1,250,000 BTUH:	EQUAL	EQUAL	
APPLICATION:	Sludge to Sludge and/ or Water to Sludge	Water to Sludge mainly	
SLUDGE SIDE GAP:	3" to 6" channel or more	0.75" to 1" channel with studs or annulus	
		4" in 6" tube has 1" gap only	
WATER SIDE GAP:	1" to 6" channel	0.5" to 1" channel or annulus	
INSTALLATION COSTS:	EQUAL	EQUAL	
MAINTENANCE COSTS:	—		
Frequency of cleaning due to plugging with rugs etc.	Scheduled once in 5 years	As often as every two weeks (26/year)	
Cost per clean-up 16 Man/hour at \$40/hr	\$640	\$640	
Annual cost of clean-up	\$128	\$16,640 or more	
TOTAL Cost of clean-up pro rated 20 yrs.	\$2,560	\$332,800	
GASKETS:	\$8,000	\$8,000	
MACERATOR:	Not required	\$15,000	
Initial installation	Not required	\$8,000	
Installation (piping, valves)	Not required	\$20,000/20 years	
Replacement Parts (blades etc)	Not required	\$73,320/20 years	
Electric power 10 hp	Not required	\$4,000/20 years	
TOTAL MAINTENANCE: FOR 20 YEARS CYCLE	\$10,560	\$461,120	
NET SAVING OF: OVER 20 YEARS	\$450,560		

NOTES:

• DDI's Heat Exchangers are generally less costly to purchase due to direct efficient Heat Recovery

DDI's Heat Exchangers are built with <u>large gaps</u> (Non Plug feature).

• DDI's Heat Exchanger Design has *No obstacles in the flow*.

• DDI's Heat Exchanger can pass more hot water for increased heating capacity and efficiency at a lower operating pressure with **round curves**.

• DDI's Heat Exchanger requires minimal maintenance.

• DDI's Heat Exchanger are less costly to operate and stand-by can be used for Heat Recovery

• DDI's Heat Exchanger can achieve-efficient flow in both sides for Heat Recovery of Sludge-to-Sludge and DDI can still keep minimum Gap for non-plug conditions (where as Tube in Shell cannot).

The heat exchangers in our new pasteurization complex (the sludge-to-sludge heat recovery, the hot water-to-preheated sludge, and the cold water-to-sludge) have been working great. We have not had any problems or concerns with the heat exchangers, and I would recommend these units. Shawn Glen - Northslope Superintendent City of Tulsa, Water Pollution Control



REPRESENTATIVE (DDI Has 38 Representatives)

305 Baffin, D.D.O., (Montreal), PQ, CANADA H9A 3G4 TEL: (514) 696-7961 FAX: (514) 696-8344 Web: www.ddi-heatexchangers.com • E-Mail: info@ddi-heatexchangers.com

DDI Rectangular Channels, Direct-Sludge-to-Sludge Heat-Recovery.

Compared to:

INDIRECT, Sludge-to-Water then Water-to-Water then Water-to-Sludge Heating, in Tubes.

DDI requires Smaller space.

DDI has Better heat transfer (direct sludge to sludge heat recovery) (DDI losses of 10 %, compared to 10 % x each HX and 5% water circulation= 25 % total).

DDI Need one HX, not 2.

DDI does not need an EXTRA pump for water.

DDI can use Carbon Steel 516-70- which is less expensive and better heat transfer coefficient, 2.5 times higher, and it is better metal against Erosion and Abrasion than Stainless steel..

DDI Using Minimum 0.25" Thick Layers against Erosion, while competition is using less than 1/8" pipes.

DDI has side outside bends that create more turbulence for better RE numbers and better heat transfer.

DDI Can have larger flows i.e. channels minimum 3" x 6", or larger as much as needed.

DDI does not have the risk of contaminating the Water of the plant.

DDI quotes Temp gain in 1 fluid, compared the temp loss of the other fluid, and pressure losses, are more realistic data.

DDI has the optional pig cleaning system.

DDI has Doors with Davit Arms for both liquids is needed

DDI has no or less plugging since the DDI channels have no obstructions in the flow.

DDI- Heat Exchangers Inc

DDI (since 1980) Tel: 514-696-7961 Fax: 514-696-8344 Email: <u>erwin@ddi.ca</u> WebPage: <u>www.ddi-heatexchangers.com</u>

DDI "RECTANGULAR, SQUARE, CUBE" TM Don't Waste the Waste, Use DDI HEAT RECOVERY.

ROI - Payback is possible in 1 year.

For

Direct-Sludge-to-Sludge HEAT RECOVERY

DDI-HeatExchangers - Energy Savings Calculator



File Contact Us



Energy Saved by using Heat-Recovery

Simply fill in the requested information in the text-boxes and press the calculate button. All energy savings are in US Dollars.

Size of Exchanger:	800,000	(BTU	(BTU/hour)		
Rate of Energy:	46	(\$/1,000,000 BTU)			
Boiler efficiency (%):	90	Cost Savings:			
Number of hours running per day:	24	For One Year: \$356,224.00 For 5 Years: \$1,781,120.00 For 10 Years: \$3,562,240.0 For 15 Years: \$5,343,360.0		120.00 2,240.00	
Number of days used per year:	363				
			Results		
Cost of Exchanger:	129,000				
Comments: If 24 hours and 363 days at 46 \$ Ave per 1 MBTUH.					
<u>C</u> alculate Re	C <u>o</u> st ecovery	<u>R</u> eset	<u>H</u> elp	E <u>x</u> it	
Visit us at: www.ddi-heatexchangers.com					

Full Spec must be provided very detailed- to protect the Consulting Engineer

				1
HEAT EXCHANGER APPLICATION	DDI Heat Excha			
Project name:		CONFIDENTIAL	COLD Sludge	Hot Water
DATE	20 201010 22		Recovering Heat from	Heating
Tel = 514-696-7961	Please Note= color GIVEN =Color		Digested Sludge Recirculating Sludge	Digested Sludge Recirculating Sludge
	Result= Color		Both Pumps interlocked	Both Pumps interlocked
	REMARKS		CONTINUES Flow	CONTINUES Flow
DUCT HIGH Cold		in	3.0	3.0
DUCT WIDTH Cold		in	6.0	6.0
			7.6	7.6
Channels Gap (Cold) dimention in Meteric DUCT HIGH Hot		cm in	3.0	3.0
DUCT WIDTH Hot		in	6.0	6.0
BOCT WIDTH HOL			0.0	0.0
Channels width Hot dimention in Meteric		cm	15.2	15.2
LINEAR VELOCITY (hot))		fps	3.0	3.0
FLOW (hot)		usgpm	168	168
FLOW (hot)		L/S	10.6	10.6
LINEAR VELOCITY (cold)		fps	3.0	3.0
FLOW (cold)		usgpm	168.3	168.3 10.6
FLOW (cold)		L/S	10.0	10.6
SHEAR RATE HOT		/sec	72	72
SHEAR RATE Cold		/sec	72	72
VISCOSITY (hot)		cps	4	0.5
VISCOSITY (cold)		cps	40	1
		epo	40	
% of solids (Cold)		%	2.5	2.5
DENSITY (Cold))		lbs/cu.ft.	62.4	62.4
% of solids (HOT)		%	0.0	0.0
DENSITY (Hot) HEAT CAPACITY (Cold)		Ibs/cu.ft. BTU/Ibs F	61.2 0.999	61.2 0.999
FLUID THER. CONDUCT (Cold)	Y	BTU/hr ft F	0.35	0.35
FLUID THER. CONDUCT (Hot)		BTU/hr ft F	0.38	0.38
WALL THICKNESS		in the second se	0.375	0.250
WALL THERMAL COND.	(Bends are 0.5" thick)	IN BTU/hr ft F	24	24
LOC. 0/A HEAT TRANSF. COEFF.		BTU/hr F sq.ft.	137	193
LOC. O/A HEAT TRANSF. COEFF. B- (WITH FOULING) B		BTU/hr F sq.ft.	121	161
,	= ,================================	ed an		***************
Heat Duty input BTUH Heat Duty input KW		(BTU/HR) KW	1,400,000 410	1,400,000 410
		(1	68.3	68.3
HI Temp Media IN (hot)		(deg.C) (deg.F)	155	155
HI Temp Media IN (INPUT) (Hot)		lb / hr	82620	82620
Mass rate of Hi T. media (Hot) Heat Cap.of media (Hot)			1.0	1.0
HI Temp Media out (Hot)	×	(BTU/(lbs)(deg F)	138	138
		(deg.F)	58.9	58.9
Hot out put in Deg C (Hot)	8	(deg.C)	8.00	20.9
LO Temp Media IN (Cold)		(deg.C)	21.1	21.1
LO Temp Media IN (INPUT) (Cold)		(deg.F)	70.0	70.0
Mass rate of LO T. media (Cold)		lb / hr	84240	84240
LO Temp Media Out (Cold) (at 100%) estimated	before losses	(deg.F)	86.6	86.6
LO Temp out (Cold) (at 100 %), Estimated I		(deg.C)	30.4	30.4
				0.000
Fouling Factor for Sludge	4	hr-sq.ft-F / Btu	0.001	0.001
Area required 100% eff		(sq.ft.)	150	107
Area required with fouling B		(sq.ft.)	170	127
AREA AVAILABLE		(sq.ft.)	168	168
AREA AVAILABLE		Meter Sq	16	16

	and the second se	and the second		
LENGTH PER Heating LAYER		(ft)	8	8
CHANNELS PER LAYER		#	6	6
# OF Heating LAYERS USED			7	7
# OF Total Flowing LAYERS			8	8
# OF FORTHOWING EATERS	OUTSIDE DIMENTIONS			U
Advantages Of DDI "Cube", "Square" Non-Block	Width Ft		4.9	4.5
Heat Exchanger and Heat RECOVERY Systems.	Width in Meter		1.5	1.4
1) Larger Circumference compared to Tube in Shell (round).	Recommended Ft Clearance	Door swing side	2.2	2.0
For the same flow area, LARGER Heat Transfer Surface.	Recommended Clearance D		0.7	0.6
 Smaller foot print then Tube. Less area required (about 1/3). 				
3) More Turbulence flow then in Tube or Spiral.	Length Ft WITH D	DOORS	9.5	9.0
. i.e. better Heat Transfer in zigzag channels.	Length in Meter WITH DO	DORS	2.9	2.7
4) Non-Block design, no spacers (obstacles) as in Spiral type.	Recommended Ft Clearance	e each side	2.1	5.5
5) Gaps of 2, 3, 4 Inches Min, no Sludge blockage.	Recommended Clearance e	ach side Meters	0.6	1.7
6) No need for expensive Macerator & Blades to grind Sludge.				
7) Both sides have doors, with full access to internals.	Height Ft +40" requi	red for removabl	le 4.6	4.0
8) Designed for Optimum Height (Non Plug) for each liquid,	Height in Meter +1.1 m for D		1.4	1.2
And Optimum Width (for best flow speed, to avoid BAKING)				1.0
9) Quotes with Viscosity=1CPS as others, & with Computerized	d Recommended Clearance to	For davit arm remova	al 1.0	0.3
assumed, more realistic Viscosities.			510.70	E 10 70
10) VERY LOW MAINTANCE (once in a few years).	Material of heating Laye Gaskets Supplied for do		516-70	516-70
(Some competition requires back flush every shift). 11) Can be used in Municipal or Agriculture or Pulp & Paper.	Weight Approx Empty	ors Lbs	18,651	18.651
12) Can be manufactured from different metals or alloys.	Weight Approx Empty	KG	8,460	8,460
13) Modular system, Can be used for Water-to-Sludge or	Weight Approx Full	Lbs	23,973	23,099
Sludge-to-Sludge Heat Recovery.		KG	10,874	10,478
14) HEAT RECOVERY, can have Payback within a year.			ANSI 150 # flanged	ANSI 150 #flanged
15) Tested, in Use for 9 years, with NO need to open doors.	Cold side flg. connection	Inches IN	4	4
	Cold side flg. connection	Inches OUT	6	6
	Hot side fig. connection	Inches IN	4	4
	Hot side flg. connection	Inches OUT	6	6
			7.	
	Operating- Hot - m WC	and the second se	4	3
	Operating-Hot -P		5	4
	Operating Pressure KF	PA- Hot side	34	32
	On continue Contai C	Index DOL		F
	Operating -Cold S Operating Pressure KR		7 45	5 35
	Operating Pressure Kr		40	4
	operating ricessie in			-
	Mauteor a S	Duran Do	95	50
	Max TEST & Pum		90 655	345
	Max TEST & Pump P Max TEST & Pump P		67	345
	Notes	ASME spec	Static head & losses in external	
Static head & losses in external pipings are not incl	and the second se			
Performance conditional to the Customers abilit				
Warranty= Limited 1 (one) year from start up or 15 m				
Delivery time=				
Not Included: Taxes, Unloading at customer, Piping, Installation,				
Due to recent and possible future price fluctuations, as well as	material availability, prices an	na aelivery time must b		
P/N P/N				3 x 6 x 8 x 3 x 6 x 7 x 0.25M-50
Quote USD / Each	-		DDI-3 x 6 x 8 x 3 x 6 x 7 x 0.375M-95	
			- st 	
Shipping Estimate		1		
Engineering / Specials				

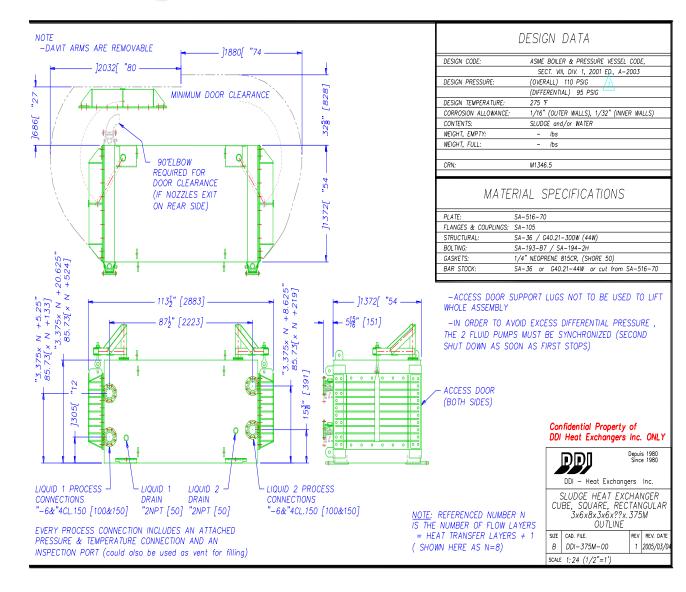
Viscosity Influence on required area

Influence of Viscosity on Heat available, ignoring Viscosity results in the HX to have too small of a heat transfer area							
	Water side Theoretical	Digested Sludge side		\vdash	Digested Sludge side		
	Theoretical		TEMP Out is less		Should have been for fully rated HX		
KWH rated /asked for	750		750		750		
BTUH	2,561,100		2,561,100		2,561,100		
Temp in C	65.0		36.0		36.0		
Temp In F	149.0		96.8		96.8		
Temp out C	51.0		41.0		43.8		
Temp out F	123.8		105.8		110.8		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Flow in L/S	12.8		23.1		23.1		
Flow in Usgpm	203.0		365.5		365.5		
BTUH achieved	2,559,846		- 1,646,066		- 2,560,547		
KWH ACHIEVED	750		- 482		- 750		
	RATED HX size		When Commit		Temp out of sludge should have been higher		
			to less temp Out,				
			get less Heat Transfer				
If Viscosity CPS =	1				4		
Area required	X SqFt				X+35 % SqFt		
				\square			
By guaranteeing LESS TEN							
the manufacturer assumes about 35 % less efficiency and there for			++				
less by 35 % of Temp rise and he supplies heat transfer area too low by 35%			++				
The and recult for the plant							
	The end result for the plant is: that they get about 65% Heat Rated Heat Exchanger only??						
It is based on the Water side, on the theoretical side only?? Not on the Sludge side, which is the real, required rating for the Heat Exchanger.							
involution the Glouge side, which is the real, required rating for the Heat Exchanger.			++				
So the plant is forced to INCREASE Hot Water Temp (might cause baking),							
or Increase the flow of Hot Water (if it is available?).							
But if the manufacturer is forced to assume Viscosity I.e. CPS = 4 for Digested Sludge							
Then The manufacturer will need a LARGER Heat Exchanger.					-		

Also the Sludge side, should give the required Heat Exchanger Rating (only if Viscosity is assumed).

This will assure that there is enough Area for keeping the Sludge TEMP in the digester and for the losses, as per the consultants heat balance calculations.

Drawing, Davit Arm for the door



Don't Waste the Waste, Use DDI Heat Recovery

DDI HX in our Pasteurization (sludge-to-sludge heat recovery, hot water-to-preheated sludge, cold water-to-sludge) working great, No problems or concerns. I would recommend these units. Shawn Glen – Tulsa City

We were able to pump 26% solids through the DDI Heat exchangers. Jeff Glover - HDR Denver

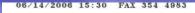
Raw sludge against re-circulated sludge flows resulted in substantial savings. No plugging occurred. Works as per specification. I am very satisfied with the results. Blaine McEwen - City of Pembroke

Raw molasses 70% solids running. We are very pleased with the effectiveness & heat transfer. **Doug Olson - Vitalix**



Heat Exchangers Inc. supports - Doctors without borders org

Water-to-Sludge in wwrp



GNWTP

1202

45 Commercial Crt. Napanee, Ontario K7R 4A2

(613) 354-9338 (Office) (613) 354-2636 (Fax)





June 14, 2006

Mr. Erwin Schwartz, B.Eng. DDI Heat Exchangers 305 Baffin St. Montreal, Quebec H9A 3G4

Dear Erwin,

It has been approximately two years since Greater Napanee Utilities placed the order for a DDI model 3X6X8X3X6X7XM. The DDI exchanger was purchased to replace a unit used to provide continuous heat in a municipal sewage plant anaerobic digester.

It is our pleasure to inform you that we are pleased with the DDI unit and have experienced no maintenance issues whatsoever. Heating capacity has proven sufficient as the digester temperature was well maintained throughout the cold winter months. The relatively large channels of the DDI unit appear to be well suited to a municipal sludge application as no blockages have been encountered.

Given our satisfaction with the success with the new heat exchanger and with the service provided by DDI, Greater Napanee Utilities would definitely consider the purchase of a second unit from DDI should the need arise.

Yours truly,

Todd Harvey, M.Sc., C.E.T. Manager of Operations



JUN 14,2006 15:38



PUBLIC WORKS Water & Wastewater Services

Central Maintenance Facility 980 Major St., Welland, ON L3B 6J2 Tel: 905-734-4777 Fax: 905-734-9159 www.niagararegion.ca

May 6, 2009

Mr. Erwin Schwartz DDI Heat Exchangers Inc. 305 Baffin St. Dollard-Des-Ormeaux (Montreal), P.Q. Canada H9A3G4 Via Email: erwin@ddi.ca

Dear Mr. Schwartz,

Product Review Committee Decision A.03 0003.45

Thank you for meeting with the Product Review Committee and providing further information on the DDI Heat Exchangers.

Please be advised that based on your submission and presentation, the committee has deemed the above named product *approved* for use and has added it to the Approved Product and Equipment List.

Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Chalen Kothe

Charles Rittner Associate Director, W&WW Maintenance charles.rittner@niagararegion.ca

J:A.03 Corporate & Employee Committees/Product Review Committee/Correspondence/05 06 09 - SCHWARTZ - DDI Heat Exchangers.doc

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DDI HX and Boiler set DDI in Pontiac with Boiler combined- (Cover removed)



PembrokeWWTPDirectSludge-to-SludgeHeat RECOVERY

From: Blaine McEwen Sent: July 6,2010 To: 'erwin@ddi.ca' Subject: Letter of Reference

The Pembroke Pollution Control Centre is using the DDI Heat Exchanger with very positive results. <u>Raw sludge</u> with an average temperature between 11* C to 19* C flows through one side of the heat exchanger <u>and re-circulated sludge</u> from the digesters with temperatures ranging in the high thirty's flows through the opposite side of the heat exchanger. <u>This</u> <u>has resulted in substantial savings</u> as the <u>raw sludge is increased in temperature prior to entering the digesters at no expense to the City sewage system</u>. <u>After almost five years of operation no plugging has occurred and it works as per specification. I am very satisfied with the results of this piece of equipment.</u>

Blaine McEwen / City of Pembroke Utilities Supervisor Office 613-735-6821 ext. 1481 Fax 613-732-7028

Already 7 years....

Pembroke- Direct Sludge-to-Sludge





12 Sep 2007

 Vitalix Inc. has been using the DDI heat exchanger almost a year now with very positive results. <u>Raw</u> molasses at 65% to 70% is running on one side and hot water on the other. <u>We have had no</u> problems with plugging or pressure build up.
 We are also very pleased with the <u>effectiveness of</u> this unit in heat transfer. Thank you for your help and support.

Plant Mgr. Doug Olson 308-762-8358 Vitalix Inc. Alliance NE.

Molasses flows in DDI HX



Molasses with 65 %Split Entry + Split Exit + OUTDOORVitalix



21 December 2009

For three years now Vitalix Inc. has been using the DDI heat exchanger. We have never had to open it up or work on it in any way since it was installed. It has not been ANY trouble. I check it and smile at it every month or two but it shows no leaks, no pressure buildup or loss of efficiency. It was properly sized for our needs and has helped us to recycle a great deal of heat back into our mfg. process.

When expansion needs arise I won't be looking at any other heat exchanger but the DDI.

Thank you Doug Olson Plant Mgr. Vitalix Inc. Alliance NE USA (308)762-8358, Ext 124

Pasteurization - 3 Types of HX

Subject :RE: ReferenceDate:Wed, 20 Jan 2010 10:29:00 -0500From:"Glen, Shawn" <SGLEN@cityoftulsa.org>To:'erwin@ddi.ca'Cc:"Krueger, Thomas" <TKRUEGER@cityoftulsa.org>

Erwin,

The heat exchangers in our new pasteurization complex (the sludge to sludge heat recovery, the hot water to preheated sludge, and the cold water to sludge) have been working great. We have not had any problems or concerns with the heat exchangers, and I would recommend these units.

Thanks.

Shawn Glen - Northslope Superintendent City of Tulsa, Water Pollution Control Off 918-591-4570 Fax 918-699-3019 sglen@cityoftulsa.org

Tulsa OK, Via Ashbrook & HDR



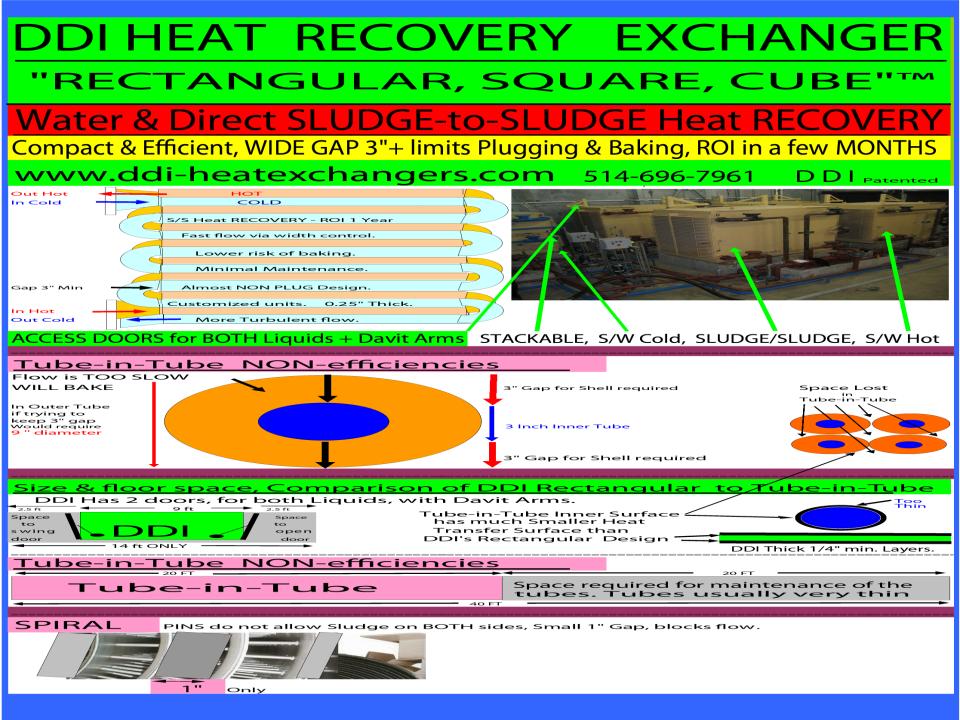
Subject: RE: 20 % solidsDate: Mon, 15 Feb 2010 11:27:00 -0500Linked to: Jeff GloverFrom: "Glover, Jeff" <Jeff.Glover@hdrinc.com>To: Erwin <erwin@ddi.ca>

At Rialto we were able to pump up to 26% solids through the DDI Heat exchangers. The material was either a mix of anaerobically digested dewatered sludge and slurry (biosolids converted by EnerTech's patented SlurryCarb process) or slurry alone.

Jeff Glover HDR Denver 303-764-1523

<u>Reactor</u> - With Therminol and Duplex stainless Steel used in Pasteurization process of Sludge-to-Sludge Heat ecovery









Erwin Schwartz with JT Foxx and Raymond Aaron **Stedman Graham and Erwin Schwartz**

Thank you Very Much

